

## Interlingual Live Subtitling for Access

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Present and Future of Interlingual Live Subtitling:
Research, Training
and Practice







### Interlingual Live Subtitling for Access

# IO7: Guidelines for the implementation of ILS in live events, education & on TV

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accessibility needs to become easier and smarter...





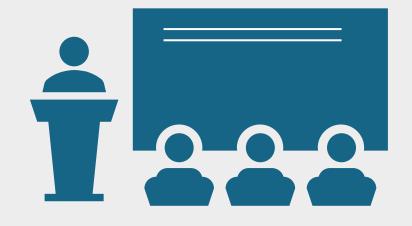
# How to implement interlingual live subtitling

- on TV
- in live events
- in educational settings



#### ILS FOR DIFFERENT SETTINGS







live events



### Who do want to reach?





# How to implement speech-to-text interpreting in educational settings





# How to implement speech-to-text interpreting in **live events**





# How to implement live subtitling on TV





#### **GUIDELINES STRUCTURE**

- Definitions
- Users
- Benefits
- Workflows
- Toolbox
- Challenges and solutions
- DOs and DON'Ts





#### **Definitions**

**Booth** - sound-proof space (as used, with standardized specifications, for simultaneous interpreting)

Interlingual respeaking - see 'Transpeaking'

Intralingual respeaking- see 'Respeaking'

**Live subtitles** - live titles displayed on a screen underneath or as part of the image

Live titles - written text produced by speech-to-text interpreting

Live titling- the production of a written version of a spoken message while it is being delivered. It is mainly performed intralingually (in the same language), using keyboards or respeaking, for the benefit of people with hearing loss, but can also be done interlingually. In different countries and contexts, speech-to-text interpreting is also referred to as captioning or live subtitling.

**Respeaking** – a method of creating live titles using speech recognition technology, whereby a person known as a respeaker repeats or paraphrases what is being said, dictating also punctuation marks (respeaking is also known as *voice writing*)

Speech-to-text interpreting (STTI) - see 'Live titling'

**Stenomask** - sound-insulating cover around a microphone used by respeakers to muffle speech sounds (see Fig. 6)

**Transcript** - written text representing a spoken message

**Transpeaking** – a method of creating interlingual live titles using speech recognition technology, whereby a person known as a transpeaker (or interlingual respeaker) translates what is being said, dictating also punctuation marks

 How to implement speech-to-text interpreting in educational settings (definitions)



#### **CHESKLISTS**

- Checklist for respeakers
- Checklist for the broadcaster
- Checklist for the accessibility manager
- Checklist for the lecturer



#### **Checklist for the accessibility manager**



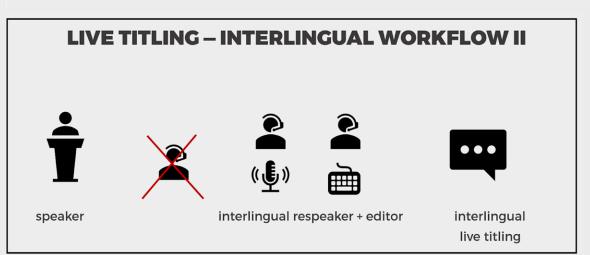
The checklist is addressed at the accessibility managers and/or other decision makers at higher education institutions.

Find out what are the needs of your users	<b>✓</b>
Do your deaf students prefer live titles or sign language interpreting?	<u> </u>
Do foreign students and visitors need a translation of the lecture into their mother tongue or into English?	
Contact your IT department to check if the Internet connection is sufficient to provide the service	<u>~</u>
Choose whether speech-to-text interpreting will be done remotely or on-site	<b>~</b>
Choose the language of live titles to be provided	<b>~</b>
Contact the lecturer to discuss the provision of the speech-to-text interpreting service	<b>~</b>
Ask the lecturer to provide preparatory materials	<b>~</b>
Share the information about the introduction of the service with the whole community at your institution	
Make sure the information about the service is continuously accessible to all students (for instance on the website)	
Provide a mechanism for quality assurance and feedback from users	
Make the transcript available	
If you make a recording of the lecture available later, make sure the subtitles are available with it	



#### **DIFFERENT WORKFLOWS**







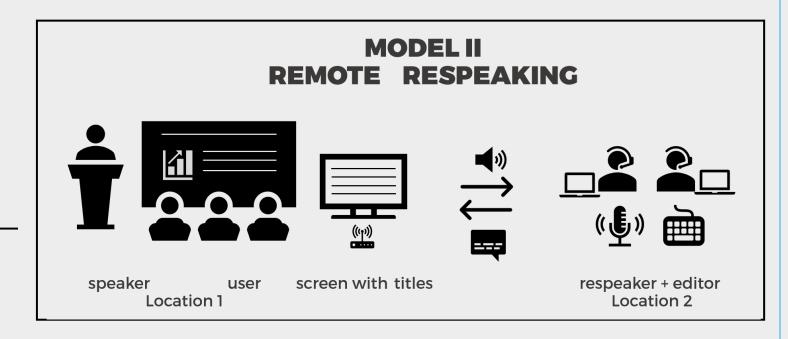
#### MODEL I ON-SITE RESPEAKING



speaker

user

screen with titles
Location 1



### **ILSA**

## **EXAMPLES FROM DIFFERENT COUNTRIES**













# stay tuned coming soon





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